MHz and 1427–1429.5 MHz bands, the maximum field strength is 740 mV/m, measured at 3 meters.

(h) No MURS unit, under any condition of modulation, shall exceed 2 Watts transmitter power output.

[53 FR 36789, Sept. 22, 1988; 53 FR 44144, Nov. 1, 1988. Redesignated and amended at 61 FR 28769, 28770, June 6, 1996, and further redesignated and amended at 61 FR 46567, 46569, Sept. 4, 1996; 64 FR 69932, Dec. 15, 1999; 65 FR 44008, July 17, 2000; 65 FR 53190, Sept. 1, 2000; 65 FR 60878, Oct. 13, 2000; 67 FR 6193, Feb. 11, 2002; 67 FR 8579, Feb. 25, 2002; 67 FR 63290, Oct. 11, 2002]

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At 69 FR 46446, Aug. 3, 2004, §95.639 was amended by adding paragraph (i), effective October 4, 2004. For the convenience of the user, the added text is set forth as follows:

#### § 95.639 Maximum transmitter power.

\* \* \* \* \*

(i) DSRCS-OBUs are governed under subpart L of this part, except the maximum output power for portable DSRCS-OBUs is 1.0 mW. For purposes of this paragraph, a portable is a transmitting device designed to be used so that the radiating structure(s) of the device is/are within 20 centimeters of the body of the user.

CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS

## §95.643 DSRCS-OBU certification.

Sections 95.645 through 95.655 do not apply to certification of DSRCS-OBUs. DSRCS-OBUs must be certified in accordance with subpart L of this part and subpart J of part 2 of this chapter.

EFFECTIVE DATE NOTE: At  $69\ FR\ 46446$ , Aug. 3, 2004,  $\S95.643$  was added effective October 4, 2004.

### §95.645 Control accessibility.

(a) No control, switch or other type of adjustment which, when manipulated, can result in a violation of the rules shall be accessible from the transmitter operating panel or from exterior of the transmitter enclosure.

(b) An R/C transmitter which incorporates plug-in frequency determining modules which are changed by the user must be certificated with the modules. Each module must contain all of the frequency determining circuitry including the oscillator. Plug-in crystals

are not considered modules and must not be accessible to the user.

[53 FR 36789, Sept. 22, 1988. Redesignated at 61 FR 28769, June 6, 1996, and further redesignated at 61 FR 46567, Sept. 4, 1996; 63 FR 36610, July 7, 1998]

# §95.647 FRS unit and R/C transmitter antennas.

The antenna of each FRS unit, and the antenna of each R/C station transmitting in the 72–76 MHz band, must be an integral part of the transmitter. The antenna must have no gain (as compared to a half-wave dipole) and must be vertically polarized.

 $[61\ FR\ 28770,\ June\ 6,\ 1996.\ Redesignated\ at\ 61\ FR\ 46567,\ Sept.\ 4,\ 1996]$ 

### §95.649 Power capability.

No CB, R/C, LPRS, FRS, MICS, MURS or WMTS unit shall incorporate provisions for increasing its transmitter power to any level in excess of the limits specified in §95.639.

[65 FR 60878, Oct. 13, 2000]

## §95.651 Crystal control required.

All transmitters used in the Personal Radio Services must be crystal controlled, except an R/C station that transmits in the 26–27 MHz frequency band, a FRS unit, a LPRS unit, a MURS unit, a MICS transmitter, or a WMTS unit.

[65 FR 60878, Oct. 13, 2000]

## § 95.653 Instructions and warnings.

- (a) A user's instruction manual must be supplied with each transmitter marketed, and one copy (a draft or preliminary copy is acceptable provided a final copy is provided when completed) must be forwarded to the FCC with each request for certification.
- (b) The instruction manual must contain all information necessary for the proper installation and operation of the transmitter including:
- (1) Instructions concerning all controls, adjustments and switches that may be operated or adjusted without resulting in a violation of the rules.
- (2) Warnings concerning any adjustment that could result in a violation of the rules or that is recommended to be performed by or under the immediate